LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT AUGUST 31, 2024



LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS

EXMIDIT	rage
CERTIFICATE OF BOARD Independent Auditors' Report Management's Discussion and Analysis	1 2-4 5-11
Basic Financial Statements	
Government Wide Statements:	
A-1 Statement of Net Position	12
B-1 Statement of Activities Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	13-14
C-1 Balance Sheet	15-16
C-2 Reconciliation for C-1	17
C-3 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	18-19
C-4 Reconciliation for C-3	20
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements: D-1 Statement of Net Position	21
D-1 Statement of Net Position D-2 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	22
D-3 Statement of Cash Flows	23
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:	
E-1 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	24
E-2 Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Notes to the Financial Statements	25 26-55
Notes to the Financial Statements	20-33
Required Supplementary Information	
G-1 Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	56
G-6 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (TRS) G-7 Schedule of District Contributions to TRS Pension Plan	57-58 59-60
G-8 Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (TRS)	61-62
G-9 Schedule of District Contributions to the TRS OPEB Plan	63-64
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	65
Supplementary Information	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
H-1 Combining Balance Sheet	66-69
H-2 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	70-73
Other Information	
Other Information J-1 Schedule of Delinquent Taxes	74-75
J-2 Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Food Service Fund	76
J-3 Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Debt Service Fund	77
J-4 Use of Funds Report – Select State Allotment Programs	78
Reports on Compliance, Internal Control, and Federal Awards	
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other	
Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	79-80
Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance	81-82
Required by Uniform Guidance Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	83
Schedule of Status of Prior Findings	84
Corrective Action Plan	85
	0.4
K-1 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	86 87
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	07
Other Information	
L-1 Schools First Questionnaire	88

CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

<u>Lindale Independent School District</u>	Smith	<u> 212-903</u>
Name of School District	County	CoDist. Number
	•	
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached	annual financial reports	of the above-named school district were
reviewed and (check one) approve	ed disapproved ;	for the year ended August 31, 2024 at a of December 2024.
	αH	L
meeting of the Board of Trustees of such scho	ool district on the	of December 2024.
	<u>, </u>	
1		
		,
	n i	ike londs
Mund. 200		ile cons
Signature of Board Secretary	Signatu	re of Board President
If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the au	iditors' report, the reason((s) for disapproving it is(are)
(attach list as necessary)	iditors report, me reason	o) for alcappioting it is (are).
(anach hist as hocessary)		

Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Member of Private Company Practice Section Member of AICPA Governmental Audit Quality Center

UNMODIFIED OPINION ON BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ACCOMPANIED BY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AND OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION INCLUDING THE SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Trustees Lindale Independent School District 505 Pierce Street Lindale, TX 75771

Members of the Board:

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lindale Independent School District (the District) as of and for the year ended August 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lindale Independent School District as of August 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise a substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5-11, budgetary comparison information on page 56, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (TRS) on pages 57-58, schedule of District contributions to TRS on pages 59-60, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability (TRS) on pages 61-62, and schedule of District contributions to TRS OPEB plan on pages 63-64 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Lindale Independent School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises of reports required from Texas Education Agency identified in the Table of Contents as J-1 through J-4, and L-1. The other information does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 3, 2024, on our consideration of the Lindale Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Lindale Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Lindale Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

WILF & HENDERSON, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Welf & Henderson P.C.

Texarkana, Texas

December 3, 2024

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

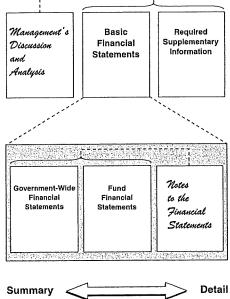
- The District's total combined net position was \$40,468,052 at August 31, 2024.
- During the year, the District's General Fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$5,307,684. However, the fund balance decreased by \$286,347 after recording a transfer to the Capital Projects Fund for future projects in the amount of \$5,279,000 and recording a special item in the amount of \$315,031.
- The District's M&O tax rate decreased to \$0.759200 and I&S rate decreased to \$0.195000. A net total tax reduction of \$0.2154.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements, notes to those statements, and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are Government-Wide Financial Statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are Fund Financial Statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the Government-Wide Statements.
 - The Governmental Fund Statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Proprietary Fund Statements offer financial information about the internal service fund used to report activities that provide services to organizations within the District.
 - Fiduciary Fund Statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

Figure A-1. Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report



The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 (below) summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

FIGURE A-2 MAJOR FEATURES OF THE DISTRICT'S GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS				
Type of Statement	Government-Wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District's govern- ment (except fiduciary funds) and the District's component units	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Activities the District operates similar to private businesses: self-insurance	Instances in which the District is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources
	Statement of net position	Balance sheet	Statement of net position	Statement of fiduciary net position
Required financial statements	Statement of activities	Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position	• Statement of changes in fiduciary net position
			• Statement of cash flows	
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term; the Agency's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of flow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net Position—the difference between the District's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services, and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has three types of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the Government-Wide Statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds—Services for which the District charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long- and short-term financial information.
 - We use internal service funds to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities—such as the District's Workers Compensation Fund.
- Fiduciary funds—The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. It is also responsible for other assets that—because of a trust arrangement—can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

Table I
Lindale Independent School District
NET POSITION

Current and other assets Capital assets	Governmental Activities 2024 \$ 30,020,922 102,023,293	Governmental Activities 2023 \$ 27,101,611 103,253,146	Total \$ Change \$ 2,919,311 (1,229,853)	Total <u>% Change</u> 10.77% -1.19%
Total assets	132,044,215	130,354,757	1,689,458	1.30%
Deferred outflows of resources	12,280,473	13,393,493	(1,113,020)	-8.31%
Other liabilities	4,224,657	3,560,055	664,602	18.67%
Long-term liabilities outstanding	64,957,713	68,966,951	(4,009,238)	-5.81%
TRS net pension liability	15,327,823	13,421,933	1,905,890	14.20%
TRS net OPEB liability	7,369,042	8,183,965	(814,923)	-9.96%
Total liabilities	91,879,235	94,132,904	(2,253,669)	-2.39%
Deferred inflows of resources	11,977,401	13,667,652	(1,690,251)	-12.37%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets & RTU assets	38,066,647	40,607,672	(2,541,025)	-6.26%
Restricted	4,625,631	3,670,198	955,433	26.03%
Unrestricted	(2,224,226)	(8,330,176)	6,105,950	73.30%
Total net position	\$ 40,468,052	\$ 35,947,694	\$ 4,520,358	12.57%

Changes in net position. As shown on the following table, the District's total revenues were \$64,306,162. A significant portion of the District's revenue comes from property taxes and state aid. The total cost of all programs and services was \$59,785,804.

Governmental Activities

- Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$64,306,162, an increase of 8.94% over the preceding year.
- Property tax assessment increased by 11.65% to \$2,431,199 with a rate of \$0.759200 for maintenance and operation and a rate of \$0.195000 for interest and sinking.
- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$59,785,804.
- The amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$20,848,271.
- Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs of \$995,039, by operating grants and contributions of \$7,180,402 or by capital grants and contributions of \$204,820.
- The increase in net position for the year 2024 was primarily the result of increases in state funding and investment income, as well as conservative spending.

Table II
Lindale Independent School District
CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities 2024	Governmental Activities 2023	Total Change	Total % Change
Revenues:				
Program Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 995,039	\$ 1,019,368	\$ (24,329)	-2.39%
Operating grants and contributions	7,180,402	7,117,829	62,573	0.88%
Capital grants and contributions	204,820	-	204,820	100.00%
General Revenues:				
Property taxes levied for General Purposes	16,569,545	20,117,661	(3,548,116)	-17.64%
Property taxes levied for Debt Service	4,278,726	5,011,273	(732,547)	-14.62%
State Aid - Formula Grants	33,001,995	23,672,011	9,329,984	39.41%
Investments earnings	1,320,856	993,173	327,683	32.99%
Other general revenues	1,069,810	939,238	130,572	13.90%
Special Item	(315,031)	156,938	(471,969)	-300.74%
Total Revenues	64,306,162	59,027,491	5,278,671	8.94%
Expenses:				
Instruction	33,740,409	28,909,834	4,830,575	16.71%
Instructional Resources and Media Services	545,543	487,519	58,024	11.90%
Curriculum and Staff Development	871,419	751,881	119,538	15.90%
Instructional and School Leadership	3,098,824	2,856,377	242,447	8.49%
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	2,575,858	2,191,661	384,197	17.53%
Social Work Services	2,554	967	1,587	164.12%
Health Services	529,737	496,315	33,422	6.73%
Student (Pupil) Transportation	2,397,207	2,296,914	100,293	4.37%
Food Services	2,982,482	2,718,833	263,649	9.70%
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	2,418,849	2,288,519	130,330	5.69%
General Administration	1,689,180	1,612,570	76,610	4.75%
Plant Maintenance and Operations	5,279,871	4,949,100	330,771	6.68%
Security and Monitoring Services	563,177	458,513	104,664	22.83%
Data Processing Services	289,445	253,259	36,186	14.29%
Community Service	20,655	25,233	(4,578)	-18.14%
Debt Service	2,345,661	2,376,044	(30,383)	-1.28%
Payments to Fiscal Agents/Member Districts of SSA	84,354	75,608	8,746	11.57%
Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.	3,240	2,594	646	24.90%
Other Intergovernmental Charges	347,339	322,826	24,513	7.59%
Total Expenses	59,785,804	53,074,567	6,711,237	12.64%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	4,520,358	5,952,924	(1,432,566)	-24.06%
Net Position Beginning of Year	35,947,694	29,994,770	5,952,924	19.85%
Net Position End of Year	\$ 40,468,052	\$ 35,947,694	\$ 4,520,358	12.57%

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Our analysis focuses on the net changes in fund balances (Table III) of the District's governmental funds.

Table III
Lindale Independent School District
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds	Total	Total
	2024	2023	\$ Change	% Change
Revenues:		A 05 0/5 100	Φ (2.007.5(2)	-13.94%
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 24,069,627	\$ 27,967,189	\$ (3,897,562)	41.27%
State Program Revenues	35,625,542	25,218,871	10,406,671	-23.68%
Federal Program Revenues	5,477,089	7,176,079	(1,698,990)	7.97%
Total Revenues	65,172,258	60,362,139	4,810,119	1.9170
Expenditures:				
Instruction	31,330,626	28,843,811	2,486,815	8.62%
Instructional resources & media services	506,847	462,922	43,925	9.49%
Curriculum and instructional staff development	827,214	715,561	111,653	15.60%
Instructional and school leadership	2,873,540	2,720,515	153,025	5.62%
Guidance, counseling & evaluation services	2,372,645	2,066,886	305,759	14.79%
Social work and health services	494,742	476,107	18,635	3.91%
Student (pupil) transportation	2,620,830	2,791,672	(170,842)	-6.12%
Food services	2,895,077	2,526,676	368,401	14.58%
Extracurricular activities	2,301,387	2,125,679	175,708	8.27%
General administration	1,559,988	1,528,233	31,755	2.08%
Facilities maintenance & operations	6,599,228	6,357,481	241,747	3.80%
Security & monitoring services	554,749	746,223	(191,474)	-25.66%
Data processing services	267,795	237,522	30,273	12.75%
Community service	18,865	24,384	(5,519)	-22.63%
Debt service	6,197,839	6,100,984	96,855	1.59%
Facilities acquisition and construction	746,645	224,951	521,694	231.91%
Payments to fiscal agent/member of SSA	84,354	75,608	8,746	11.57%
Payments to juvenile justice alternative ed. prg.	3,240	2,594	646	24.90%
Other intergovernmental charges	347,339	322,826	24,513	7.59%
Total Expenditures	62,602,950	58,350,635	4,252,315	7.29%
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	2,569,308	2,011,504	557,804	27.73%
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,007,000	1,657,291	(1,657,291)	-100.00%
Other Financing Sources (Oscs)				
Special Item - (Use)- SHARS Repayment	(315,031)		(315,031)	-100.00%
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,254,277	3,668,795	(1,414,518)	-38.56%
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	22,096,006	18,427,211	3,668,795	19.91%
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 24,350,283	\$ 22,096,006	\$ 2,254,277	10.20%

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District increased its budgeted expenditures several times. Increases to budget were primarily due to increase in student growth, and a transfer to the Capital Projects Fund. The District's General Fund was budgeted to decrease (\$2,300,000) during the year ended August 31, 2024. The District came in \$2,013,653 over the amended budget.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2024, the District had \$102,023,293 invested in a broad range of capital assets. This amount represents a net decrease of (\$1,229,853) due to annual depreciation.

More detailed information about the District's capital asset activity is presented in Note G to the financial statements.

Long Term Debt

At year-end, the District had \$57,424,962 in bonds outstanding versus \$60,424,212 last year. The decrease is due to principal payments on bonds during the year.

More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Notes H and I to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- Net taxable property values used for the 2024-2025 budget preparation increased 6% over the prior year values. The maintenance and operations tax rate decreased to \$0.7569 from \$0.7592 primarily due to state compression of the M&O tax rate. The interest and sinking tax rate remained the same at \$0.19500.
- The District's 2024-2025 refined average daily attendance is expected to increase slightly at 1%.

These indicators were taken into consideration when adopting the General Fund budget for 2024-2025. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$50,871,001, a decrease of (\$547,364) (1%) from the final 2023-2024 budget. The decrease is primarily due to the removal of a transfer to the capital projects fund. State revenue will decrease due to the increase in local tax values. Total tax revenues will increase due to the increase in local tax values. The largest expenditure increases will be for employee pay raises.

If these estimates are realized, the District's budgetary General Fund balance is expected to increase slightly at the close of 2024-2025. The Board of Trustees plans to maintain the fund balance at two to three months operating costs, as suggested by TEA. The majority of additional revenues over expenses anticipated in the General Fund will be transferred to the Capital Projects Fund for future capital outlays of the district, including roofing and school buses.

A \$2,000,000 HVAC replacement at a District campus is planned from the Capital Projects Fund during 2024-2025.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Business Services Office at (903) 881-4000.



LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2024

Data		Primary			
Control		Go	Governmental		
Codes			Activities		
ASSE	TS				
1220 1230 1240 1267 1290 1300 1410	Cash and Cash Equivalents Property Taxes - Delinquent Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes Due from Other Governments Due from Fiduciary Funds Other Receivables, Net Inventories Prepayments Capital Assets:	\$	23,728,699 883,905 (2,644) 5,281,171 2,051 40,283 69,201 18,256		
1510 1520 1530 1550 1580	Land Buildings and Improvements, Net Furniture and Equipment, Net Right-to-Use Leased Assets, Net Construction in Progress		88,844,737 6,575,057 830,094 1,756,383 132,044,215		
1000	Total Assets		132,044,213		
DEFI 1701 1705 1706	Deferred Charge for Refunding Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		815,737 7,091,392 4,373,344 12,280,473		
	BILITIES	-			
2110 2140 2160 2200 2300	Accounts Payable Accrued Interest Payable		654,342 93,422 3,250,744 75,134 151,015		
2501	Due Within One Year: Loans, Note, Leases, etc. Due in More than One Year:		3,494,097		
2502 2540 2545	Bonds, Notes, Loans, Leases, etc. Net Pension Liability (District's Share) Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)		61,463,616 15,327,823 7,369,042		
2000	Total Liabilities	,	91,879,235		
DEF 2605 2606	ERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB		823,452 11,153,949		
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		11,977,401		
NET	POSITION				
3200	The Tana Agents		38,066,647		
3820 3850 3860 3890 3900	Restricted for Federal and State Programs Restricted for Debt Service Restricted for Capital Projects Restricted for Other Purposes		865,583 2,330,000 1,325,563 104,485 (2,224,226)		
3000		\$	40,468,052		

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

			Program	Reveni	ies
Data	1		3	(4 Operating
Control		(Charges for		Frants and
Codes	Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions
Primary Government:					
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:					
11 Instruction	\$ 33,740,409	\$	7,250	\$	3,798,152
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services	545,543		-		18,571
13 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	871,419		-		163,011
21 Instructional Leadership	592,519		-		22,308
23 School Leadership	2,506,305		=		167,598
31 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	2,575,858		-		712,627
32 Social Work Services	2,554		-		
33 Health Services	529,737		-		21,229
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation	2,397,207				100,823
35 Food Services	2,982,482		797,606		1,806,218
36 Extracurricular Activities	2,418,849		190,183		46,220
41 General Administration	1,689,180		-		47,406
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	5,279,871		-		119,958
52 Security and Monitoring Services	563,177		-		135,324
53 Data Processing Services	289,445		-		4,975
61 Community Services	20,655		-		15,982
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt	2,342,136		-		-
73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	3,525		-		-
93 Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements	84,354		-		-
95 Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.	3,240		-		-
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges	 347,339				
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$ 59,785,804	\$	995,039	\$	7,180,402

Data Control Codes	General Revenues: Taxes:
MT	Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes
DT	Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service
SF	State Aid - Formula Grants
ΙE	Investment Earnings
MI	Miscellaneous Local and Intermediate Revenue
S2	Special Item - (Use) - SHARS Repayment
TR	Total General Revenues and Special Items
CN	Change in Net Position
NB	Net Position - Beginning
NE	Net Position - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Changes in Net Positio
5	6
Capital	
Grants and	Governmental
Contributions	Activities
Continuations	Activities
\$ -	\$ (29,935,007)
ψ - -	(526,972)
_	(708,408)
-	(570,211)
	(2,338,707)
	(1,863,231)
_	(2,554)
_	(508,508)
_	(2,296,384)
170,365	(208,293)
170,505	(2,182,446)
_	(1,641,774)
_	(5,159,913)
34,455	(393,398)
51,100	(284,470)
	(4,673)
-	(2,342,136)
-	(3,525)
<u></u>	(84,354)
-	(3,240)
-	(347,339)
\$ 204,820	(51,405,543)
ψ 20 i,e2 e	=
	16,569,545
	4,278,726
	33,001,995
	1,320,856
	1,069,810
	(315,031)
	55,925,901
	4,520,358
	35,947,694
	\$ 40,468,052
	\$ 40,468,052

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2024

Data		10	50	60
Control		General	Debt Service	Capital
Codes		 Fund	Fund	Projects
AS	SETS			
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 19,307,561		510,588
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent	689,565	194,340	-
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(2,063)	(581)	-
1240	Due from Other Governments	4,802,135	3,798	- -
1260	Due from Other Funds	9,021	-	7,621,000
1290	Other Receivables	5,363	-	
1300	Inventories	- 10.056	-	-
1410	Prepayments	 18,256	-	-
1000	Total Assets	\$ 24,829,838	\$ 2,430,594 \$	8,131,588
LIA	ABILITIES			
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ 428,255	\$ 302 \$	141,459
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	3,000,060	-	-
2170	Due to Other Funds	7,847,193	6,870	-
2200	Accrued Expenditures	56,911	-	-
2300	Unearned Revenue	 62,364		-
2000	Total Liabilities	 11,394,783	7,172	141,459
DE	FERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	687,502	193,758	-
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 687,502	193,758	-
FU	ND BALANCES			
	Nonspendable Fund Balance:			
3410	Inventories	-	-	-
3430	Prepaid Items	18,256	-	-
	Restricted Fund Balance:			
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	-	-	1 205 562
3470	Capital Acquisition and Contractural Obligation	-	0.000.664	1,325,563
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-	2,229,664	-
3490	Other Restricted Fund Balance	-	-	-
	Committed Fund Balance:		,	
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance	-	-	-
	Assigned Fund Balance:	_	_	6,664,566
3570	Capital Expenditures for Equipment	424,165	,	
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance	12,305,132	_	-
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance	 12,747,553	2,229,664	7,990,129
3000	Total Fund Balances			
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$ 24,829,838	\$ 2,430,594	8,131,588

Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 1,138,107	\$ 23,189,293 883,905 (2,644)
475,238 26,193 34,920 69,201	5,281,171 7,656,214 40,283 69,201 18,256
\$ 1,743,659	\$ 37,135,679
\$ 3,064 250,684 100 18,223 88,651	\$ 573,080 3,250,744 7,854,163 75,134 151,015
 360,722	 11,904,136
-	881,260
	 881,260
69,201 -	69,201 18,256
865,583 - - 17,028	865,583 1,325,563 2,229,664 17,028
431,125	431,125
 1,382,937	 6,664,566 424,165 12,305,132 24,350,283
\$ 1,743,659	 \$

EXHIBIT C-2

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2024

AUGUST 51, 2024	Φ.	04.050.000
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	24,350,283
1 The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance and printing, to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase net position.		658,144
2 Capital assets and Right-to-Use Lease Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$158,936,943 and the accumulated depreciation was (\$55,683,797). In addition, long-term liabilities of (\$68,784,746) including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net position.		34,468,400
3 Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net position. Similarly, the principal payments on Right-to-Use Lease Assets and SBITA Assets are not expenses, rather they are decreases in the Right-to-Use Lease Liabilities and the SBITA Liabilities. These payments must be reclassified and shown as reductions to these liabilities increasing net position.		7,038,900
4 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$7,091,392, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of (\$823,452), and a net pension liability in the amount of (\$15,327,823). This resulted in a (decrease) in net position.		(9,059,883)
5 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability required by GASB 75. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$4,373,344, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of (\$11,153,949), and a net OPEB liability in the amount of (\$7,369,042). This resulted in a (decrease) in net position.		(14,149,647)
6 The current year depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to (decrease) net position.		(4,783,753)
7 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales as an increase in bonds payable, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.		1,945,608
29 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	40,468,052

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Data Contro			10 General Fund	50 Debt Service Fund	 60 Capital Projects
5700 5800	EVENUES: Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues	\$	18,309,667 \$ 34,121,688 415,982	4,484,896 935,049	\$ 20,833
5020	Total Revenues		52,847,337	5,419,945	 20,833
E	XPENDITURES:				
	Current:				
0011 0012 0013 0021	Instruction Instructional Resources and Media Services Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development Instructional Leadership		28,406,545 487,594 684,264 549,225	- - -	- - -
0023 0031 0032	School Leadership Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services Social Work Services		2,227,555 1,729,755 2,350	- -	- - -
0033 0034 0035 0036	Health Services Student (Pupil) Transportation Food Services Extracurricular Activities		492,392 2,618,075 33,529 2,299,048	- - -	-
0041 0051 0052 0053 0061	General Administration Facilities Maintenance and Operations Security and Monitoring Services Data Processing Services Community Services Debt Service:		1,537,319 4,875,168 399,162 267,795 44	- - -	1,723,382 - - -
0071 0072 0073	Principal on Long-Term Liabilities Interest on Long-Term Liabilities Bond Issuance Cost and Fees Capital Outlay:		454,072 40,828 -	3,485,000 2,214,414 3,525	- - -
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction Intergovernmental:		-	-	746,645
0093 0095 0099	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg. Other Intergovernmental Charges		84,354 3,240 347,339	- -	-
6030	Total Expenditures		47,539,653	5,702,939	2,470,027
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	·	5,307,684	(282,994)	 (2,449,194)
	Transfers In Transfers Out (Use)		(5,279,000)	-	 5,279,000
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(5,279,000)	-	 5,279,000
	SPECIAL ITEMS:				
8912	Special Item - (Use) - SHARS Repayment		(315,031)	(000,004)	 - 2 020 000
	Net Change in Fund Balances		(286,347)	(282,994)	2,829,806 5,160,323
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		13,033,900	2,512,658	 3,100,323
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	12,747,553	\$ 2,229,664	\$ 7,990,129

Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 1,254,231 568,805 5,061,107	35,625,542
6,884,143	65,172,258
2,924,081 19,253 142,950 563 96,193 642,890 - - 2,753 2,861,548 2,333 22,669 678 155,58	506,847 827,214 549,790 52,323,750 2,372,645 2,350 492,392 52,620,830 82,895,077 92,301,387 1,559,988 6,599,228 7554,749 267,795
- - -	3,939,072 2,255,242 3,525
-	746,645
	84,354 3,240 347,339 1 62,602,950
6,890,33	
-	5,279,000 (5,279,000)
(6,18 1,389,12	
\$ 1,382,93	\$ 24,350,283

EXHIBIT C-4

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT EXH RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 2,254,277
The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance and printing, to appropriate functions in other funds. The net income (loss) of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase net position.	61,414
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the current year capital outlays and debt principal payments is to decrease the change net position. Similarly, current year principal payments on Right-to-Use Leases and SIBTAs are also reclassified as reductions to the Right-To-Use Lease Liability and the SBITA liability which will result in a increase in the change in net position.	7,038,900
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to (decrease) the change in net position.	(4,783,753)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase the change in net position.	300,044
GASB 68 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$1,368,325. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net pension liability. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling (\$1,146,889). Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense (increased) decreased the change in net position by (\$1,875,625). The net result is a (decrease) in the change in net position.	(1,654,189)
GASB 75 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$305,391. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net OPEB liability. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling (\$288,751). Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS OPEB expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net OPEB expense decreased the change in net position by \$1,287,025. The net result is an increase in the change in net position.	1,303,665
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 4,520,358
9	

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2024

	Governmental Activities -
	Internal Service Fund
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	\$ 539,406
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 539,406 200,000
Due from Other Funds	
Total Assets	739,406
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	3,811
Accounts Payable	77,451
Unpaid Claims	
Total Liabilities	81,262
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted Net Position	658,144
Total Net Position	\$ 658,144

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

	Governmental Activities -	
	Internal Service Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 228,358	
Total Operating Revenues	228,358	
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Professional and Contracted Services	166,944	
Total Operating Expenses	166,944	
Operating Income	61,414	
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)	596,730	
Total Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 658,144	

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

	Governmental Activities -		
	Internal Service Fund		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Received from User Charges Cash Payments for Insurance Claims	\$ 28,358 (113,477		
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(85,119)	
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	(85,119 624,525		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 539,406	5	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities: Operating Income:	\$ 61,414	1	
Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in Receivables Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable	(200,000 53,467	•	
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	\$ (85,119	9)	

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2024

	Total Custodial Funds	
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Due from Other Governments	\$ 417,474 11,876	
Total Assets	429,350	
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds	1,000 2,051	
Total Liabilities	3,051	
NET POSITION Restricted for Other Purposes	426,299	
Total Net Position	\$ 426,299	

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

	Total Custodial Funds	
ADDITIONS:		
Contributions to Student Groups Enterprising Services Revenue	\$ 863,869 50,126	
Total Additions	913,995	
DEDUCTIONS:		
Payroll Costs Professional and Contracted Services Other Deductions	4,706 10,741 915,425	
Total Deductions	930,872	
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	(16,877)	
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)	443,176	
Total Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 426,299	

NOTE A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Lindale Independent School District (District) is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven member Board of Trustees (Board), which are elected by eligible registered voters. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources identified in Statement on Auditing Standards No. 76 of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's (TEA) Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (Resource Guide) and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

1. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board is elected by the public, and it has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is a financial reporting entity as defined by GASB in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units that are material to the reporting entity, and none are included in the financial statements.

2. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the District's non-fiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation funds, grants, and other intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function, and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include "charges for services" and "grants and contributions." The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples include tuition paid by students not residing in the District, school lunch charges, etc. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Every Student Succeeds Act. Revenues are considered general revenue available to support all of the District's functions. Taxes are always general revenues. In the government-wide statements, indirect expenses (like depreciation) are allocated to functions based on the character of the expense.

Interfund activities between governmental funds and between governmental funds and proprietary funds appear as due to/due froms on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide statements, although interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All other revenues and expenses are nonoperating.

3. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities, and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The District considers all revenues "available" if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible to accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The Proprietary Fund Types and Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Net Position.

4. FUND ACCOUNTING

The District's accounts are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which are comprised of each fund's assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

• General Fund - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include local property taxes, state funding under the Foundation School Program, and Medicaid reimbursement. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the District except for specific programs funded by the federal or state government, food service, debt service, and capital projects. The General Fund is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered resources available for current operations.

27

- **Debt Service Fund** The District accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds in a debt service fund which is a budgeted fund. Revenues include collections on property taxes and earnings on investments of the fund. The fund balance represents amounts that will be used for retirement of bonds and payment of interest in the future.
- Capital Projects Fund This governmental fund is established to account for proceeds, on the modified accrual basis, from the sale of bonds and other resources to be used for Board authorized acquisition, construction, or renovation, as well as, furnishing and equipping of major capital facilities. Upon completion of a project, any unused bond proceeds are transferred to the Debt Service Fund and are used to retire related bond principal.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Governmental Funds:

• Special Revenue Funds - The District accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance are accounted for in a special revenue fund. Sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

Proprietary Funds:

• Internal Service Funds - These funds are used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements. The District's Internal Service Fund is Workers' Compensation and is not a budgeted fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

• Fiduciary Funds — These funds are used to report student activity funds held by the District in a custodial capacity and the assets are for the benefit of the student organizations. The collections and disbursement amounts are controlled by a group which is governed by a representative student body.

5. FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION

During fiscal year ending 2011, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications, as reported on Exhibit C-1, describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable fund balance – amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Board, using its highest level of decision-making authority. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint. The District has committed \$431,125 for campus activity funds as August 31, 2024.

Assigned fund balance – amounts the Board intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the Superintendent or Director of Finance, through which the Board has delegated the authority. The District has assigned \$7,088,731 for encumbrances and capital equipment as of August 31, 2024.

Unassigned fund balance – amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

The Board establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). When it is appropriate for fund balance to be assigned, (such as for the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes), the Board designated the authority to the Superintendent and Director of Finance.

In the General Fund, the District's goal is to maintain sufficient working capital and a margin of safety to address local and regional emergencies without borrowing. The District strives to maintain a yearly fund balance in the General Fund in which the total fund balance is equal to the unassigned fund balance plus the committed fund balance. The unassigned fund balance shall be equal to at least two months of the total operating expenditures. The ending unassigned fund balance as of August 31, 2024, exceeds two months of total operating expenditures.

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased. See Note C for more detail on deposits and investments.

7. INVENTORIES

Inventories of supplies on the balance sheet are stated at weighted average cost, while inventories of food commodities are recorded at market values supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services. Inventory items are recorded as expenditures when they are consumed. Supplies are used for almost all functions of activity, while food commodities are used only in the food service program.

Although commodities are received at no cost, their fair market value is supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services and recorded as inventory and deferred revenue when received. When requisitioned, inventory and deferred revenue are relieved, expenditures are charged, and revenue is recognized for an equal amount. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premiums and discounts. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are recognized during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and any premiums received are reported as other financing sources, while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

10. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture, and equipment, are reported in the governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 and more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Land and construction in progress, if any, are not depreciated.

Buildings, furniture, and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated Useful Lives
Asset Class	(in years)
Buildings and Expansions	50
Building Improvements	20
Vehicles	8
Office Equipment	5
Computer Equipment	5
Large Equipment	12

11. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the District's policy to permit some employees to accumulate earned but unused sick pay benefits. The liability for accumulated unpaid sick leave benefits is reported as a Noncurrent Liability in the Statement of Net Position. See Note H for a summary of changes in the accumulated sick leave liability.

12. INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

Since Internal Service Funds support the operations of governmental funds, they are consolidated with the governmental funds in the government-wide financial statements. The expenditures of governmental funds that create the revenues of internal service funds are eliminated to avoid "grossing up" the revenues and expenses of the District as a whole.

13. GRANT REVENUE

The District has reported restricted assets in the instance of grants received for restricted purposes.

14. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables." Interfund receivables and payables between funds are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

15. ENCUMBRANCE ACCOUNTING

The District employs encumbrance accounting, whereby encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders and contracts. An encumbrance represents a commitment of Board appropriation related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. The issuance of a purchase order or the signing of a contract creates an encumbrance but does not represent an expenditure for the period, only a commitment to expend resources. Appropriations lapse at August 31 and encumbrances outstanding at that time are either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

16. RESTRICTED AND UNRESTRICTED ASSETS

On the Statement of Net Position, when the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

17. DATA CONTROL CODES

The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the *Resource Guide*. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

18. FUNCTIONS

School Districts are required to report all expenses by function, except certain indirect expenses. General administration, data processing service and other intergovernmental charges functions (Data control codes 41, 53 and 99, respectively) include expenses that are indirect expenses of other functions. These indirect expenses are not allocated to other functions.

19. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (The government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental funds Balance Sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one of more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

20. PENSIONS

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

21. OTHER-POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

Note B. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Data

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and the Food Service Fund which is included in the Special Revenue Funds. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 and the other two reports appear in Exhibit J-2 and J-3.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end.

The following budget amendments were made during the year:

General Fund:	
(Decrease) in Revenues - Local and Intermediate Sources	(1,517,000)
Increase in Revenues - State Program Revenues	6,234,232
(Decrease) in Revenues - Federal Sources	(545,000)
(Increase) in Expenditures - Instruction (11)	(1,048,532)
(Increase) in Expenditures - Instructional Resources (12)	(40,000)
(Increase) in Expenditures - Staff Development (13)	(50,900)
(Increase) in Expenditures - Instructional Leadership (21)	(14,100)
(Increase) in Expenditures - School Leadership (23)	(35,000)
(Increase) in Expenditures - Guidance and Counseling (31)	(35,000)
Decrease in Expenditures - Student (Pupil) Transportation (34)	1,029,114
(Increase) in Expenditures - Co Curricular (36)	(833,549)
(Increase) in Expenditures - General Administration (41)	(3,000)
Decrease in Expenditures - Maintenance and Operation (51)	180,000
(Increase) in Expenditures - Security and Monitoring Services (52)	(27,165)
(Increase) in Other Financing Uses - Transfers Out	(5,279,000)
(Increase) in Special Items	(315,100)
	(2,300,000)
Food Service:	
Increase in Revenues - Federal Sources	200,513
(Increase) in Expenditures - Food Services (35)	(450,891)
	(250,378)
Debt Service:	
(Decrease) in Revenues - Local and Intermediate Sources	(500,000)
Increase in Revenues - State Program Revenues	402,000
	(98,000)

Each budget is controlled by the Director of Finance at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

The District's Food Service Fund is considered a special revenue fund since it meets the following criteria: (1) User fees are charged to supplement the National School Lunch Program (NSLP), (2) The General Fund subsidizes the Food Service Program for all expenditures in excess of NSLP, and (3) The District does not consider the Food Service Program completely self-supporting. Food Service fund balances are used exclusively for child nutrition program purposes.

A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and non-appropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

	08/31/24
	Fund Balance
Appropriated Budget Funds - Food Service Special Revenue Fund	934,784
Nonappropriated Budget Funds	448,153
All Nonmajor Governmental Special Revenue Funds	1,382,937

NOTE C. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2024 and during the year were entirely covered by FDIC insurance, letters of credit, or pledged securities purchased by the depository bank in the District's name.

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits - State law requires governmental entities to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agent. Since the District complies with this law, it has no custodial credit risk for deposits.

The captions and amounts of cash and cash equivalents on the Balance Sheet and Statement of Fiduciary Fund Net Position at August 31, 2024 consist of the following:

	•	Debt			Total	Internal	
	General Fund	Service Fund	Capital Projects	Other Funds	Governmental Funds	Service Fund	Custodial Fund
Cash in Bank	1,294,496	92,232	510,588	290,103	2,187,419	37,593	(188,964)
Investment Pools	18,013,065	2,140,805	-	848,004	21,001,874	501,813	606,438
Total	19,307,561	2,233,037	510,588	1,138,107	23,189,293	539,406	417,474

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) (the Act) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the District to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

As of August 31, 2024, Lindale Independent School District had the following investments:

	Amortized
Investment Type	Cost
Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool)	4,075,141
Lone Star	18,034,984
Total	22,110,125

The Texas Local Government Investment Pool "TexPool" and the Lone Star Investment Pool are organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. The Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts is the sole officer, director, and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company ("Trust Company"), which is authorized to operate TexPool.

Pursuant to the TexPool Participation Agreement, administrative and investment services to TexPool are provided by Lehman Brothers Inc. and Federated Investor's Inc., under an agreement with the Comptroller, acting on behalf of the Trust Company. In addition, the TexPool Advisory Board advises on TexPool's Investment Policy and approves any fee increases. As required by the Public Funds Investment Act, this Board is composed equally of participants in TexPool and other person who do not have a business relationship with TexPool who are qualified to advise TexPool.

The Lone Star Investment Governing Board exercises oversight responsibility over Lone Star Investment Pool Funds. Additionally, its oversight agency reviews its investment policies and management fee structure. Lone Star Investment Pool – Government Overnight Fund uses amortized cost rather than market value to report net assets to compute share prices. Accordingly, the fair value of the position in Lone Star Investment Pool Funds is the same as the value of Lone Star Investment Pool Fund shares.

Additional policies and contractual provisions governing investments for Gladewater Independent School District are specified below:

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits – To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations the District limits investments in Obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit; fully collateralized repurchase agreements that have a defined termination date and secured by obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; securities lending program; banking acceptances; commercial paper; no-load money market mutual funds and no-load mutual funds; guaranteed investment contracts as an investment vehicle for bond proceeds and public investment pools. As of August 31, 2024 the District's investments in public funds investment pools in TexPool and Lonestar were rated AAAm and AAAm by Standard's & Poor's.

Interest Rate Risk - To limit the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments, the District shall use final and weighted-average-maturity limits and diversification. The District monitors interest rate risk using weighted-average-maturity and specific identification.

NOTE D. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. The assessed value of the roll on January 1, 2023 upon which the levy for the 2024 fiscal year was based was \$2,228,917,627. The tax rate levied for the year ended August 31, 2024 to finance General Fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligations long-term debt were \$0.7592 and \$0.1950 per \$100 per valuation, respectively, for a total of \$0.9542 per \$100 valuation.

DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE NOTE E.

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance (General Fund) and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Fund are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

DISAGGREGATED RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE BALANCES NOTE F.

Receivables at August 31, 2024, were as follows:

	Property Taxes	Other Governments	Due from Other Funds	Other Receivables	Total Receivables
Governmental Activities:					
General Fund	689,565	4,802,135	9,021	5,363	5,506,084
Debt Service	194,340	3,798	-	-	198,138
Capital Projects	-	-	7,621,000	-	7,621,000
Nonmajor Governmental Funds					
(Special Revenue)	-	475,238	26,193	34,920	536,35
Total - Governmental Activities	883,905	5,281,171	7,656,214	40,283	13,861,57
Amounts not scheduled for					
collection during the subsequent year	(2,644)	_	_	-	(2,64
Proprietary Activities:					
Internal Service Fund	-	_	200,000	-	200,00
Fiduciary Activities:					
		11,876	_		11,87

Payables at August 31, 2024, were as follows:

			Due to	
	Accounts	Salaries/	Other	Total
	Payable	Benefits	Funds	Pay ables
Governmental Activities:				
General Fund	428,255	3,056,971	7,847,193	11,332,419
Debt Service Fund	302	-	6,870	7,172
Capital Projects	141,459	-	-	141,459
Nonmajor Governmental Funds				
(Special Revenue)	3,064	268,907	100	272,071
Total - Governmental Activities	573,080	3,325,878	7,854,163	11,753,121
Proprietary Activities:				
Internal Service Fund	81,262	-	•	81,262
Fiduciary Activities:				
Custodial Fund	1,000	_	2,051	3,051

NOTE G. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2024, is as follows:

	Beginning		Retirements/	Ending
	Balance	Additions	Reclassifications	Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Land	4,017,022	•	-	4,017,022
Building and Improvements	137,534,536	53,035	789,427	138,376,998
Furniture and Equipment	15,886,583	1,030,838	-	16,917,421
Right to Use Leased Equipment	1,423,019	-	<u>.</u>	1,423,019
Construction in Progress	75,783	2,470,027	(789,427)	1,756,383
Totals at Historic Cost	158,936,943	3,553,900		162,490,843
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	45,866,144	3,666,117	-	49,532,261
Furniture and Equipment	9,580,483	761,881	-	10,342,364
Right to Use Leased Equipment	237,170	355,755	-	592,925
Total Accumulated Depreciation	55,683,797	4,783,753		60,467,550
Governmental Activities, Net:				
Land	4,017,022	-	-	4,017,022
Building and Improvements, Net	91,668,392	(3,613,082)	789,427	88,844,737
Furniture and Equipment, Net	6,306,100	268,957	-	6,575,057
Right to Use Leased Equipment, Net	1,185,849	(355,755)	-	830,094
Construction in Progress	75,783	2,470,027	(789,427)	1,756,383
Capital Assets, Net	103,253,146	(1,229,853)	_	102,023,293

During the year, the District purchased several capital assets including band instruments, 4 vehicles, 3 school buses, a zero-turn lawn mower, a welding crane, an electric steamer, 2 gas ovens, 2 dishwashers, a stock trailer, and network switching.

During the prior year, the District incurred \$33,000 in engineering and architect fees related to the start of the ECC HVAC. In fiscal year 2024, the District signed a construction contract with Jackson Construction for \$1,789,623. In fiscal year 2024, the District spent \$1,701,585 in construction costs, \$11,000 in engineering fees, and \$10,798 in other costs related to this project. These costs are reflected in construction in progress at August 31, 2024.

During the prior year, the District incurred \$42,783 in engineering and architect fees related to installing turf at the softball field. In fiscal year 2024, the District signed a construction contract with Hellas Construction for \$736,915. The District paid the total contract in fiscal year 2024, \$9,148 in engineering costs, and \$581 in other costs related to this project. This project was completed in fiscal year 2024 and moved to building and improvements.

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	2,714,024
Instructional Resources and Media Services	43,906
Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	71,658
Instructional Leadership	47,626
School Leadership	201,295
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	205,531
Social Work Services	204
Health Services	42,654
Student (Pupil) Transportation	227,030
Food Services	250,787
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	199,358
General Administration	135,134
Facilities Maintenance and Operations	571,660
Security and Monitoring Services	48,055
Data Processing Services	23,198
Community Services	1,633
Total Depreciation Expense	4,783,753

NOTE H. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas, which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District. There are a number of limitations and restriction contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at August 31, 2024.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligation activity for governmental activities for the year ended August 31, 2024:

August 31, 2024.	Beginning Balance	_	Additions	_	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Bonds payable	60,424,212	-	-	(a)	(2,999,250)	57,424,962	3,020,050
CAB accreted interest	2,860,605	(b)	476,285	(a)	(485,750)	2,851,140	-
Premium and discount on issuance costs	4,571,810		-	(c)	(549,576)	4,022,234	-
Right to use lease	928,119		-	(d)	(454,072)	474,047	474,047
Total Bonds, Notes, and Leases Payable	68,784,746	-	476,285		(4,488,648)	64,772,383	3,494,097
Other Liabilities:							
Compensated absences	182,205		3,125		-	185,330	-
TRS Net Pension Liability	13,421,933		1,905,890		-	15,327,823	-
TRS Net OPEB Liability	8,183,965		-		(814,923)	7,369,042	-
Total Other Liabilities	21,788,103		1,909,015		(814,923)	22,882,195	-
Total Long-term Liabilities	90,572,849		2,385,300		(5,303,571)	87,654,578	3,494,097

- (a) Principal bond payments totaling \$3,485,000
- (b) Accreted bond payments on Capital Appreciation Bond
- (c) Amortization of bond premium
- (d) Principal RTU lease payments \$454,072

Bonds Payable

Bonded indebtedness of the District is reflected in the Statement of Net Position. The following is a summary of bonds payable outstanding at August 31, 2024:

Title of Issue	Maturity	Interest Rates	Amount
Title of 13340	Date		Outstanding
Series 2005 Capital Appreciation Bond	2/15/2019	0.00%	119
Series 2010 Tax School Building and Refunding Bonds	2/15/2040	2.00-5.40%	2,245,000
Series 2017 Unlimited Tax School Refunding Bonds	2/15/2030	0.00%	4,694,843
Series 2018 Unlimited Tax School Refunding Bonds	2/15/2040	3.00-5.00%	22,065,000
Series 2019 Term and Serial Bonds	2/15/2049	3.00-5.00%	28,420,000
Total			57,424,962

Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2017

On August 15, 2017, the District issued \$5,659,093 of Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2017 issued to redeem Unlimited Tax School Building Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2011 in the amount of \$5,659,156 representing the original principal amount of the Bonds of \$5,659,003, plus an issue premium of \$2,480,671. The Series 2017 is comprised of Capital Appreciation Bonds.

Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2018

On August 1, 2018, the District issued \$25,395,000 of Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2018 issued to redeem Build America Bonds, Series 2010 in the amount of \$25,495,000 representing the original principal amount of the Bonds of \$25,495,000, plus an issue premium of \$1,763,464. The Series 2018 is comprised of \$21,800,000 of Serial Bonds and \$3,595,000 of Term Bonds.

Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2019

On February 26, 2019, the District issued the Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2019 for designing, constructing, renovating, improving, upgrading, updating, acquiring and equipping school facilities. The Series 2019 is comprised of \$14,730,000 Serial Bonds, \$15,600,000 Term Bonds and \$3,118,986 in premiums.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the current expenditures for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. During the year ended August 31, 2024, the District paid \$3,485,000 in principal, \$2,214,414 in interest (net of tax credit), and \$3,525 in fees.

In the government-wide financial statements, bonded indebtedness of the District is reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Premium/discount on issuance of bonds, net of accumulated amortization, totaled \$4,022,234 at August 31, 2024. Bond premium/discount proceeds are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Amortization of \$549,576 is reflected in the Statement of Activities for the year ended August 31, 2024. Interest expense accreted of \$476,285 on the CAB Bonds is reflected in the Statement of Activities for the year ended August 31, 2024.

<u>Direct Subsidy - Qualified School Construction Bonds</u>

Certain Series 2010 bonds include an irrevocable election to receive directly from the United States Department of the Treasury a tax credit equal to the amount of interest which would have been payable on the Securities by the Issuer if such interest were determined at the credit rate determined under section 54A(b)(3) of the Code (which credit rate applicable to the Bonds is 5.35% per annum), which election is based on the Securities' qualification as "Qualified School Construction Bonds" under section 54F of the Code and as "qualified bonds" under subsection 6431(f)(1)(A) of the Code, and the Issuer's irrevocable election to treat the Securities as such at the time of their issuance. The Internal Revenue Service reduced the tax credit by 5.7% starting in fiscal year 2021. As of August 31, 2024, the net amount of the tax credit received amounted to \$131,606.

Rebatable Arbitrage Payable

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 requires that the excess interest earned on tax-exempt bond proceeds over interest cost must be remitted to the federal government. These arbitrage interest earnings are paid from the Capital Projects Funds, if applicable, and must be remitted every five years from the date of issue. During the fiscal year August 31, 2024, no arbitrage payments were made to the IRS. Furthermore, there was no arbitrage liability at August 31, 2024.

Bonded indebtedness of the District is reflected in the Statement of Net Position.

The annual debt service requirements for principal and interest on the bonds are as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds						
Year Ended			Total				
August 31	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Requirements				
2025	3,020,050	2,784,580	5,804,630				
2026	3,059,623	2,718,478	5,778,101				
2027	3,088,266	2,653,515	5,741,781				
2028	2,766,181	2,939,644	5,705,825				
2029	2,844,052	2,915,323	5,759,375				
2030-2034	11,376,790	7,852,982	19,229,772				
2035-2039	13,840,000	5,262,488	19,102,488				
2040-2044	8,755,000	2,915,675	11,670,675				
2045-2049	8,675,000_	1,128,125	9,803,125				
	57,424,962	31,170,810	88,595,772				
Accumulated Accretion	2,851,140	(2,851,140)	-				
Total_	60,276,102	28,319,670	88,595,772				
							

The deferred charge on refunding bonds, net of accumulated amortization, totaled \$815,737 at August 31, 2024. Amortization of \$163,212 is reflected in the Statement of Activities for the year ended August 31, 2024.

The following is a summary of changes in deferred outflows of resources – charges for refunding for the year ended August 31, 2024.

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Reduction	Balance
Deferred charges for refundings:				
Series 2017	297,946	-	89,514	208,432
Series 2018	681,003	-	73,698	607,305
	978,949		163,212	815,737

NOTE I. RIGHT-TO-USE LEASE

In fiscal year 2023, the District signed a three year lease with an initial present value of \$1,423,019 with Wells Fargo Vendor Financial Services, LLC for Apple iPads for the District. The effective rate of interest on the lease date was 4.40%. The District made an initial down payment of \$494,900, upon receipt of the iPads. The District had an outstanding balance of \$474,047 at August 31, 2024.

		Amounts	Amount			Amount
	Interest	Original	Outstanding			Outstanding
	Rate	Issue	9/1/2023	Additions	Reductions	8/31/2024
Apple iPad Lease	4.40%	1,423,019	928,119		454,072	474,047

In the governmental fund financial statements, indebtedness current requirement for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the General Fund, Function 71 and Function 72. During the year ended August 31, 2024, the District paid \$454,072 in principal and \$40,828 in interest on the lease outstanding.

Debt Service requirements are as follows:

	Right-To-Use Lease					
Year Ended			Total			
August 31	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Requirements</u>			
2025	474,047	20,853	494,900			

NOTE J. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. Lindale Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about publications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512)542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the System's actuary.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6 percent of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6 percent and not more than 10 percent of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2019 thru 2025.

The following table shows contribution rates by type of contributor for the fiscal years 2023 and 2024 and the contributions by type of contributions reported by TRS which were received by TRS during the measurement year (TRS FY 2023). These are included in the calculation of the district's proportionate share of the net pension liability.

Contribution Rates

	2023	2024
Member (Employees)	8.00%	8.25%
Employer (District)	8.00%	8.25%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	8.00%	8.25%
LISD Member Contributions	2,515,156	2,892,803
LISD Employer Contributions	1,146,889	1,368,325
LISD NECE On-Behalf Contributions	1,664,362	1,812,034

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities, or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- > On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- > During a new member's first 90 days of employment
- When any or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is a surcharge an employer is subject to.

- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.8 percent of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2023, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025.
- > When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

Net Pension Liability. Components of the net pension liability of the plan as of August 31, 2023 are disclosed below:

Components of Liability		Amount
Total Pension Liability	\$	255,860,886,500
Less; Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(187,170,535,558)
Net Pension Liability	\$	68,690,350,942
Net Position as Percentage of Total Pension Liability		73.15%

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the August 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2022 rolled forward to

August 31, 2023

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value
Single Discount Rate 7.00%
Long-Term Expected Rate 7.00%

4.13% - The source for the rate is

the Fixed Income Market

Data/Yield Curve/

Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only

Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2023 federally taxexempt municipal

bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO

AA Index''

Last year ending August 31 in

Projection Period 2122

(100) years

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases 2.95% to 8.95% including inflation

Ad hoc post-employment

benefit changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2022. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 22, 2022.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.00 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 9.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2024 increasing to 9.56 percent in fiscal year 2025 and thereafter. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00 percent. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2023 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation % ²	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return ³	Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
USA	18.0%	4.0%	1.00%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.0%	4.5%	0.90%
Emerging Markets	9.0%	4.8%	0.70%
Private Equity ¹	14.0%	7.0%	1.50%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.0%	2.5%	0.50%
Absolute Retum ¹	0.0%	3.6%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.0%	4.1%	0.20%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.0%	4.9%	1.10%
Energy, Natural Resources & Infrastructure	6.0%	4.8%	0.40%
Commodities	0.0%	4.4%	0.00%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	8.0%	4.5%	0.40%
Asset Allocation Leverage			
Cash	2.0%	3.7%	0.01%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6.0%	4.4%	-0.10%
Inflation Expectation			2.30%
Volatility Drag ⁴			-0.90%
Total	100.00%		8.00%

¹ Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.00%)
LISD's proportionate share			0.010.006
of the net pension liability	22,915,944	15,327,823	9,018,296

² Target Allocations are based on the FY2023 policy model

³ Capital Asset Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 6/30/2023).

⁴ The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At August 31, 2024, Lindale ISD reported a liability of \$15,327,823 for its proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to Lindale ISD. The amount recognized by Lindale ISD as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Lindale ISD were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 15,327,823
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	24,214,681
Total	\$ 39,542,504

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2022 and rolled forward to August 31, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2022 thru August 31, 2023.

At August 31, 2023 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0223143758%, which was an increase (decrease) of (0.0002938674%) from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2022.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The actuarial assumptions and methods are the same as used in the determination of the prior year's net pension liability.

The Texas 2023 Legislature passed legislation that provides a one-time stipend to certain retired teachers. The stipend was paid to retirees beginning in September of 2023. The Legislature appropriated funds to pay for this one-time stipend so there will be no impact on the net pension liability of TRS. In addition, the Legislature also provided for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) to retirees which was approved during the November 2023 election which will be paid in January 2024. Therefore, this contingent liability was not reflected as of August 31, 2023.

For the year ended August 31, 2024, Lindale School recognized pension expense of \$6,678,721 and revenue of \$3,656,207 for support provided by the State in the Government Wide Statement of Activities.

At August 31, 2024, Lindale School reported its proportionate share of the TRS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred
	Outflows		Inflows	
	of	Resources	of	Resources
Difference between expected and actual economic experience	\$	546,136	\$	185,603
Changes in actuarial assumptions		1,449,712		354,778
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		2,230,570		-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		1,496,649		283,071
Total as of August 31, 2023 measurement date	\$	5,723,067	\$	823,452
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date of the Net Pension Liability (to be calculated by employer)		1,368,325		-
Total as of August 31, 2024 fiscal year-end	\$	7,091,392	\$	823,452

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension	
Year ended	Expense	
August 31:	Amount	
2025	1,121,288	
2026	774,280	
2027	2,214,248	
2028	748,940	
2029	40,858	
Thereafter		
	4,899,615	

NOTE K. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYEMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Plan Description. Lindale Independent School District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS- Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about_publications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public and charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates

	<u>M</u> e	<u>dicare</u>	Non-	<u>Medicare</u>
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$	200
Retiree and Spouse		529		689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse		468		408
and Children				
Retiree and Family		1,020		999

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, Section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25 percent of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65 percent of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the employer. The actual public school contribution rate is prescribed by the legislature in the General Appropriations Act, which is 0.75 percent of each active employee's pay for fiscal year 2023. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates

	2023	2024
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
LISD Member Contributions	204,360	227,915
LISD Employer Contributions	288,751	305,391
Measurement Year NECE On-behalf Contributions	342,448	348,422

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$21.3 million in fiscal year 2023 provided by Rider 14 of the Senate Bill GAA of the 87th Legislature. These amounts were re-approved from amounts received by the pension and TRS-Care funds in excess of the state's actual obligation and then transferred of TRS-Care.

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2022. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2023. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2021.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2022 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2023:

Rates of Mortality
Rates of Retirement
Rates of Termination

Rates of Disability
General Inflation
Wage Inflation

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the mortality projection scale MP-2018.

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2022 rolled forward to

August 31, 2023

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry-Age Normal

Inflation 2.30%

Single Discount Rate

4.13% as of August 31, 2023

Aging Factors

Based on plan specific experience

Third-party administrative expenses

related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-

Expenses adjusted claims costs.

Salary Increases 2.95% to 8.95%, including inflation

Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes None

Discount Rate: A single discount rate of 4.13 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of 0.22 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. Because the investments are held in cash and there is no intentional objective to advance fund the benefits, the Single Discount Rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2023 using the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was one percentage point lower than and one percentage point higher than the discount rate that was used (4.13 percent) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (3.13%)	Current Single Discount Rate (4.13%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (5.13%)
LISD's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability	8,679,197	7,369,042	6,299,924

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At August 31, 2024 the District reported a liability of \$7,369,042 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective Net OPEB Liability	\$ 7,369,042
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	 8,891,882
Total	\$ 16,260,924

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2022 and rolled forward to August 31, 2023 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2022 thru August 31, 2023.

At August 31, 2023 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.0332863869% which was an increase (decrease) of (0.0008932120%) from its proportionate measured as of August 31, 2022.

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the health trend rates assumed.

	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
Proportionate share of Net OPEB Liability	6,068,037	7,369,042	9,042,789

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation. The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

• The single discount rate changed from 3.91 percent as of August 31, 2022 to 4.13 percent as of August 31, 2023, accompanied by revised demographic and economic assumptions based on the TRS experience study.

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date – There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

On August 31, 2024, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	 Deferred		Deferred
	Outflows		Inflows
	of Resources	C	f Resources
Difference between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 333,393	\$	6,199,653
Changes in actuarial assumptions	1,005,821		4,512,260
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	3,183		-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer			
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	2,725,556		442,036
Total as of August 31, 2023 measurement date	\$ 4,067,953	\$	11,153,949
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date of			
the Net OPEB Liability (to be calculated by employer)	305,391		-
Total as of August 31, 2024 fiscal year-end	\$ 4,373,344	\$	11,153,949

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended	OPI	EB Expense
August 31:		Amount
2025	\$	(1,611,631)
2026		(1,273,645)
2027		(816,073)
2028		(1,051,287)
2029		(919,861)
Thereafter		(1,413,499)
	\$	(7,085,996)

For the year ended August 31, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$2,899,171) and revenue of (\$1,900,897) for support provided by the State.

NOTE L. MEDICARE PART D (TRS)

Federal Government Retiree Drug Subsidy - The Medicare Modernization Act of 2003 (MMA) created an outpatient prescription drug benefit program (knows as Medicare Part D) and a Retiree Drug Subsidy (RDS) program which were made available in 2006. The Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) is offering a Medicare Part D Plan and is participating in the Retiree Drug Subsidy plan for eligible TRS-Care participants.

Under Medicare Part D and the RDS program, TRS-Care receives payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. On-behalf payments must be recognized as equal revenues and expenditures/expenses by each reporting entity.

The allocation of these on-behalf payments is based on the ratio of a reporting entity's covered payroll to the entire covered payroll reported by all participating reporting entities. TRS based this allocation percentage on the "completed" report submission by reporting entities for the month of May. Any questions about payroll amounts should be directed to a reporting entity's payroll contact.

Contribution amounts are as follows: State Contributions for Medicare Part D made on behalf of Lindale Independent School District's employees were \$178,401 for the year ended August 31, 2024. State Contributions for Medicare Part D made on behalf of Lindale Independent School District's employees were \$170,213 for the year ended August 31, 2023. State Contributions for Medicare Part D made on behalf of Lindale Independent School District's employees were \$121,741 for the year ended August 31, 2022.

NOTE M. EMPLOYEE HEALTH CARE COVERAGE

During the year ended August 31, 2024, employees of Lindale Independent School District were covered by a uniform statewide health care program for public education employees. The District contributed \$310 per month towards employee health insurance, which includes the \$75 which is reimbursed by the state, per employee. Employees, at their option, may authorize payroll withholdings to pay the remaining balance of the premium for employee coverage and/or dependents. All premiums were paid to the statewide health care program based on the coverages selected by the employee. The Plan was authorized by House Bill 3343 and is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). The TRS board approved the selection of Blue Cross Blue Shield as the health plan administrator and Caremark as the pharmacy benefits manager for TRS-ActiveCare. The minimum contribution allowed by the state is \$225 per month.

NOTE N. WORKERS' COMPENSATION

In 2011-2012, the District began participating in a fully funded workers' compensation plan with the Texas Association of School Boards Risk Management Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating a workers' compensation risk management and insurance program.

A reconciliation of the change in the liability for claims for the current and previous fiscal year is presented below:

	Ye	ar Ended	Yea	ar Ended
	August 31, 2024			ıst 31, 2023
Unpaid claims at September 1	\$	27,795	\$	45,875
Incurred claims (including incurred				'
but not reported)		172,541		9,630
Total Payments		(122,885)		(27,710)
Total Unpaid Claims at August 31	\$	77,451	\$	27,795

NOTE O. UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at year end consisted of ticket sales related to football games, money received from students related to lunches, advance payments of scoreboard advertisements and grant revenue not yet spent.

	General	Other	
	Fund	Funds	Total
			42.064
Athletic receipts	43,264	-	43,264
Scoreboard advertisements	19,100	-	19,100
Food service receipts	-	79,640	79,640
Textbook allotment	-	9,011	9,011
	62,364	88,651	151,015

NOTE P. INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund balances at August 31, 2024, consisted of the following amounts. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

	$\underline{\mathbf{D}}_{\mathbf{l}}$	ue From	Due To
General Fund:			
Non-major governmental funds (Special Revenue)	\$	100	\$ 26,193
Capital Projects Fund		-	7,621,000
Debt Service Fund		6,870	-
Custodial Fund		2,051	-
Internal Service Fund		-	200,000
Debt Service Fund:			
General Fund		-	6,870
Non-major Governmental Funds (Special Revenue):			
General Fund		26,193	100
Capital Projects Fund:			
General Fund		7,621,000	-
Custodial Fund:			
General Fund		-	2,051
Internal Service Fund:			
General Fund		200,000	-
Total	\$	7,856,214	\$ 7,856,214

These interfund balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and/or payments between funds are made. The District is using General Fund fund balance to pay for a portion of the construction projects in the Capital Project Fund.

Note Q. GENERAL FUND FEDERAL SOURCE REVENUES

Program or Source	AL	
	Number	Amount
School Health and Related Services (SHARS)	N/A	283,827
Indirect Costs:		
COVID-19 School Emergency Relief ESSER III	84.425U	132,155
		\$ 415,982

NOTE R. DUE FROM/TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of August 31, 2024, are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA or are received directly from a federal agency and are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from Other Governments.

	State	Federal	Other	
Fund	Entitlements	Grants	Governments	Total
~				
Governmental Activities:				
Due From Other Governments:				
General Fund	4,781,777	-	20,358	4,802,135
Debt Service Fund	553	-	3,245	3,798
Nonmajor Governmental Funds				
(Special Revenue)	2,534	472,704		475,238
Total	4,784,864	472,704	23,603	5,281,171
Fiduciary Activities:				
Due From Other Governments:				
Custodial Fund	-	-	11,876	11,876
Total	_		11,876	11,876

NOTE S. REVENUE FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources as reported on Exhibit C-3, D-2, and E-2 of the Funds Statements consisted of the following:

Revenue Sources	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds Total	Internal Service Funds	Custodial Funds
Property taxes & related income	16,833,915	4,328,203	-	-	21,162,118	•	-
Investment income	1,048,470	156,693	20,833	94,860	1,320,856	28,358	-
Rent	250	-	-	-	250	-	-
Food service revenue	-	-		797,606	797,606	-	-
Insurance Recovery	22,518	-	-	-	22,518	-	-
Athletics/Cocurricular	190,183	-	-	323,924	514,107	-	50,126
Other local and intermediate sources	214,331	-	-	37,841	252,172	200,000	863,869
	18,309,667	4,484,896	20,833	1,254,231	24,069,627	228,358	913,995

NOTE T. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2024, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE U. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

NOTE V. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management evaluated subsequent events after the date of the balance sheet and prior to the release of these financial statements which was December 3, 2024.



LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Data Control Codes		Budgeted Amo	unts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)		
		Original						
REVENUES:								
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	19,769,658 \$	18,252,658	\$	18,309,667	\$	57,009	
5800 State Program Revenues		27,561,475	33,795,707		34,121,688		325,981	
5900 Federal Program Revenues		915,000	370,000		415,982		45,982	
5020 Total Revenues		48,246,133	52,418,365		52,847,337		428,972	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:					00.106.515		407.222	
0011 Instruction		27,854,335	28,902,867		28,406,545		496,322	
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services		485,922	525,922		487,594		38,328	
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		722,558	773,458		684,264		89,194	
0021 Instructional Leadership		565,323	579,423		549,225		30,198	
0023 School Leadership		2,232,986	2,267,986		2,227,555		40,431	
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		1,702,149	1,737,149		1,729,755		7,394	
0032 Social Work Services		30,000	30,000		2,350		27,650	
0033 Health Services		527,637	527,637		492,392		35,245	
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation		3,873,554	2,844,440		2,618,075		226,365	
0035 Food Services		84,122	84,122		33,529		50,593	
0036 Extracurricular Activities		1,535,027	2,368,576		2,299,048		69,528	
0041 General Administration		1,644,080	1,647,080		1,537,319		109,761	
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		5,270,462	5,090,462		4,875,168		215,294	
0052 Security and Monitoring Services		437,725	464,890		399,162		65,728	
0053 Data Processing Services		309,778	309,778		267,795		41,983	
0061 Community Services		3,575	3,575		44		3,531	
Debt Service:								
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities		454,072	454,072		454,072		-	
0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities		40,828	40,828		40,828		~	
Intergovernmental: 0093 Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA		98,000	98,000		84,354		13,646	
		8,000	8,000		3,240		4,760	
0095 Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges		366,000	366,000		347,339		18,661	
6030 Total Expenditures		48,246,133	49,124,265	-	47,539,653		1,584,612	
1100 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		•	3,294,100		5,307,684		2,013,584	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 8911 Transfers Out (Use)		_	(5,279,000))	(5,279,000)		-	
• •			• • • • •					
SPECIAL ITEMS: 8912 Special Item - (Use) - SHARS Repayment		-	(315,100))	(315,031)		69	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		-	(2,300,000))	(286,347)		2,013,653	
		13,033,900	13,033,900		13,033,900		-	
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		,,	,,-					
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	13,033,900 \$	10,733,900	\$	12,747,553	\$	2,013,653	
211- 2410 24101111 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				= ==				

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

	Pla	FY 2024 Plan Year 2023		FY 2023 Plan Year 2022		FY 2022 lan Year 2021
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.022314376%		0.022608243%		0.019338302%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	15,327,823	\$	13,421,933	\$	4,924,781
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		24,214,681		21,175,024		10,282,523
Total	\$	39,542,504	\$	34,596,957	\$	15,207,304
District's Covered Payroll	\$	31,447,240	\$	29,590,023	\$	28,491,299
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		48.74%		45.36%		17.29%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		73.15%		75.62%		88.79%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2023 for year 2024, August 31, 2022 for year 2023, August 31, 2021 for year 2022, August 31, 2020 for year 2021, August 31, 2019 for year 2020, August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for year 2015.

FY 2021 Plan Year 2020		FY 2020 Plan Year 2019		 FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	 FY 2018 Plan Year 2017	 FY 2017 Plan Year 2016	_I	FY 2016 Plan Year 2015	_ <u>I</u>	FY 2015 Plan Year 2014
	0.017207133%		0.018294484%	0.018034153%	0.017207823%	0.015938516%		0.0158716%		0.008547%
\$	9,215,789	\$	9,510,045	\$ 9,926,436	\$ 5,502,135	\$ 6,022,928	\$	5,610,399	\$	2,365,213
	21,356,855		19,057,928	20,434,367	12,166,928	14,646,013		13,766,068		11,561,315
\$	30,572,644	\$	28,567,973	\$ 30,360,803	\$ 17,669,063	\$ 20,668,941	\$	19,376,467	\$	13,926,528
\$	26,542,703	\$	24,593,922	\$ 23,603,395	\$ 22,640,642	\$ 21,495,276	\$	20,288,559	\$	19,953,165
34.72%			38.67%	42.06%	24.30%	28.02%		27.65%		11.85%
	75.54%		75.24%	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%		78.43%		83.25%

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

	2024	2023	2022
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,368,325 \$	1,146,889	1,055,094
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(1,368,325)	(1,146,889)	(1,055,094)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ - \$	- (\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 35,064,233 \$	31,447,240	\$ 29,590,023
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	3.90%	3.65%	3.57%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

2021		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
\$	825,257 \$ (825,257)	709,901 \$ (709,901)	640,329 \$ (640,329)	605,974 \$ (605,974)	563,972 \$ (563,972)	506,408 \$ (506,408)	469,964 (469,964)	
\$	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	
\$	28,491,299 \$	26,542,703 \$	24,593,922 \$	23,603,395 \$	22,640,642 \$	21,495,276 \$	20,288,559	
	2.90%	2.67%	2.60%	2.57%	2.49%	2.36%	2.32%	

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

	FY 2024 Plan Year 2023		_F	FY 2023 Plan Year 2022	<u>P</u>	FY 2022 Ian Year 2021
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Postemployment Benefits		0.033286387%		0.034179599%		0.031368855%
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	7,369,042	\$	8,183,965	\$	12,100,369
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		8,891,882		9,983,151		16,211,798
Total	\$	16,260,924	\$	18,167,116	\$	28,312,167
District's Covered Payroll	\$	31,447,240	\$	29,590,023	\$	28,491,299
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		23.43%	,	27.66%		42.47%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		14.94%	,	11.52%		6.18%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. The amounts for FY 2024 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2023. The amounts for FY 2023 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2022. The amounts reported for FY 2022 are for measurement date August 31, 2021. The amounts reported for FY 2021 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2020. The amounts for FY 2020 are for the measurement date August 31, 2019. The amounts for FY 2019 are for the measurement date August 31, 2018. The amounts for FY 2018 are based on the August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

 P	FY 2021 Plan Year 2020				FY 2019 lan Year 2018	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017			
	0.029998032%		0.029244218%		0.02819758%		0.026776438%		
\$	11,403,606	\$	13,829,948	\$	14,079,310	\$	11,644,068		
	15,323,714		18,376,909		20,126,740		17,611,361		
\$	26,727,320	\$	32,206,857	\$	34,206,050	\$ =	29,255,429		
\$	26,542,703	\$	24,593,922	\$	23,603,395	\$	22,640,642		
	42.96%		56.23%		59.65%		51.43%		
	4.99%		2.66%		1.57%		0.91%		

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

	2024	2023		2022
Contractually Required Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 305,391 (305,391)	\$ 288,751 (288,751)		280,731 (280,731)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ •	\$ -	\$	
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 35,064,233	\$ 31,447,240	\$	29,590,023
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.87%	0.92%	,)	0.95%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

2021		2020		2019	2018			
\$ 245,061	\$	227,975	\$	207,553	\$	195,045		
(245,061)		(227,975)		(207,553)		(195,045)		
\$ -	\$	-	\$		\$	-		
\$ 28,491,299	\$	26,542,703	\$	24,593,922	\$	23,603,395		
0.86%		0.86%	•	0.84%		0.83%		

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

A. Notes to Schedules for the TRS Pension

Changes of Benefit terms.

The Texas 2023 Legislature passed legislation that provides a one-time stipend to certain retired teachers. The stipend was paid to retirees beginning in September of 2023. The Legislature appropriated funds to pay for this one-time stipend so there will be no impact on the Net Pension Liability of TRS. In addition, the Legislature also provided for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) to retirees which was approved during the November 2023 election which will be paid January 2024. Therefore, this contingent liability was not reflected as of August 31, 2023.

Changes of Assumptions.

There were no changes in assumptions.

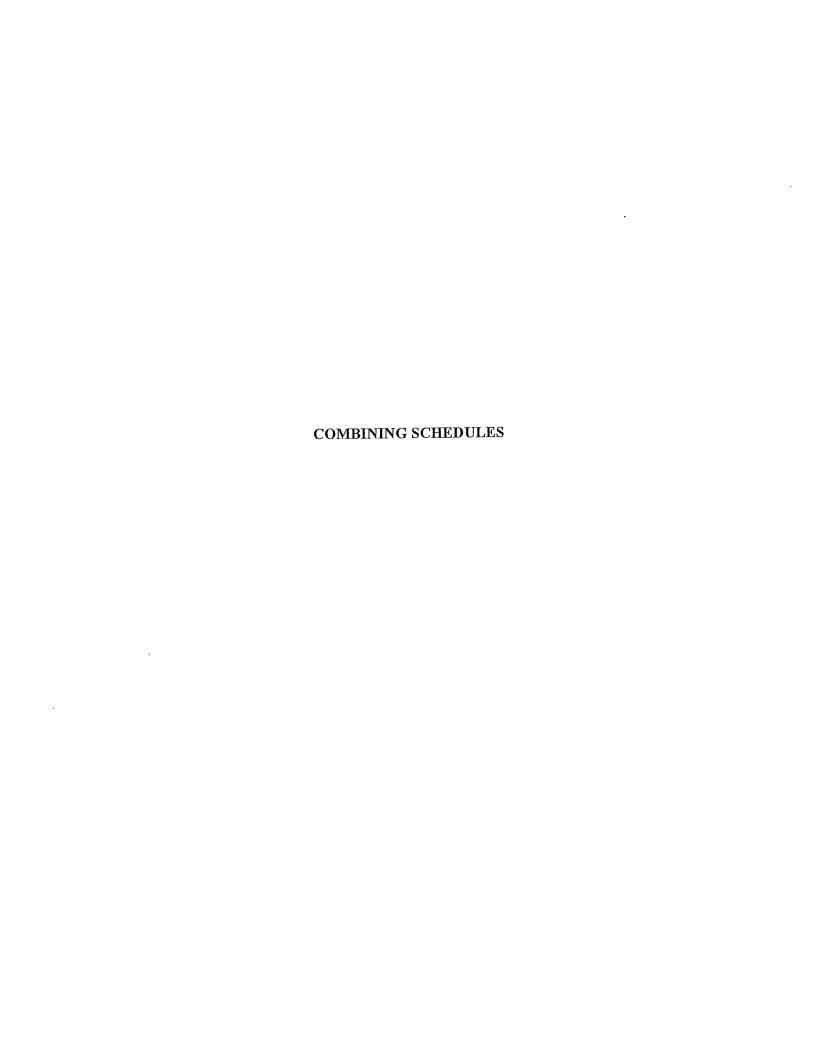
B. Notes to Schedules for the TRS OPEB Plan

Changes in Benefits.

There were no changes in benefits.

Changes in Assumptions.

The single discount rate changed from 3.91 percent as of August 31, 2022 to 4.13 percent as of August 31, 2023. This change decreased the total OPEB liability.



LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2024

					224		225	226		
D-4-			211		224	ID	225	IDEA - Part	. D	
Data Control			ESEA I, A		EA - Part B		EA - Part B Preschool	Discretional		
Codes			Improving		Formula		FICSCHOOL	Discipling	лиагу	
		Basic	Program	······						
A	ASSETS							•		
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	(66,403)	\$	(2,259)	\$	-	
1240	Due from Other Governments		54,509		171,530		3,213	•	-	
1260	Due from Other Funds		-		-		-	•	-	
1290	Other Receivables		-		-		-	•	-	
1300	Inventories		-		<u> </u>		-			
1000	Total Assets	\$	54,509	\$	105,127	\$	954	\$	_	
Ι	LIABILITIES									
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		49,549		94,541		855		-	
2170	Due to Other Funds		-		-		- 00		-	
2200	Accrued Expenditures		4,960		10,586		99		-	
2300	Unearned Revenue				-				_	
2000	Total Liabilities		54,509		105,127		954			
F	FUND BALANCES									
	Nonspendable Fund Balance:							4		
3410	Inventories		-		-		-		-	
	Restricted Fund Balance:									
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-		-		-		-	
3490	Other Restricted Fund Balance		-		•		_		-	
	Committed Fund Balance:									
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-						_	
3000	Total Fund Balances		-		_		-		_	
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	54,509	\$	105,127	\$	954	\$	_	

240 National		244		255	263	3		282		289		85		397
		Career and	E	SEA II,A	Title III, A		ESSER III		Ot	her Federal		ually		Advanced
Bro	eakfast and			aining and	English	_		ARP Act	Special		Impaired			Placement
Lun	ch Program	Basic Grant	R	Recruiting	Acquis	ition			Re	venue Funds	S	SVI		Incentives
\$	863,086	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(91,603)	\$	(20,000)	\$	(1,419)	\$	-
·	107,136			18,173		-		91,603		26,540		1,419		-
	26,193	-		-		-		-		-		-		ma
	32,412	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	69,201	-		-		-		-				_		-
\$	1,098,028	-	\$	18,173	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,540	\$		\$	-
\$	- 3	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-
	83,604	-		16,279		-		-		5,856		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-		•		-
	-	-		1,894		-		-		684		-		-
	79,640	_		-		-				-				-
	163,244	-		18,173		-		-		6,540				**
	69,201	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	865,583	_		-		-		~		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-	_	-
	934,784	_		-		-		-		-		-		_
\$	1,098,028	\$ -	\$	18,173	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,540	\$		\$	_

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2024

			410	428	429		461		
Data			State	Safety Grant	Othe	er State		Campus	
Control		Inst	ructional	Cycle 2	_	pecial		Activity	
Codes		M	aterials	Fund	Reven	ue Funds		Funds	
A	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	9,011		\$	-	\$	433,753	
1240	Due from Other Governments		-	1,115		-		-	
1260	Due from Other Funds		-	_		-		-	
1290	Other Receivables		-	2,508		-		-	
1300	Inventories		-	-		_		-	
1000	Total Assets	\$	9,011	\$ -	\$	-	\$	433,753	
I	JABILITIES						_		
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	2,528	
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		-	-		•		-	
2170	Due to Other Funds		-	-		-		100	
2200	Accrued Expenditures			-		-		_	
2300	Unearned Revenue		9,011	-		-			
2000	Total Liabilities		9,011	-		-		2,628	
F	FUND BALANCES								
	Nonspendable Fund Balance:								
3410	Inventories		-	-		-		-	
	Restricted Fund Balance:								
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-	-		-		-	
3490	Other Restricted Fund Balance		-	-		-		-	
	Committed Fund Balance:								
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance			-		-		431,125	
3000	Total Fund Balances		-	_				431,125	
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	9,011	\$ -	\$	-	\$	433,753	

 481 482		499			Total		
Boylan				Other Local		Nonmajor	
Grants		CATE		Special	C	Governmental	
Fund		Fund	R	evenue Funds		Funds	
\$ 11,253	\$	5,000	\$	1,311	\$	1,138,107	
-		-		-		475,238	
-		-		-		26,193	
-		-		-		34,920	
-		-		-		69,201	
\$ 11,253	\$	5,000	\$	1,311	\$	1,743,659	
\$ 536	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,064	
_		-		-		250,684	
_		-		-		100	
_				-		18,223	
-				-		88,651	
 536		•		-		360,722	
-		-		-		69,201	
**		-		_		865,583	
10,717		5,000		1,311		17,028	
-				-		431,125	
 10,717		5,000		1,311		1,382,937	
\$ 11,253	\$	5,000	\$	1,311	\$	1,743,659	

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

	211		224	225	226
Data	ESEA I, A		IDEA - Part B	IDEA - Part B	IDEA - Part B
Control	Improving		Formula	Preschool	Discretionary
Codes	Basic Prog	gram			
REVENUES:					
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
5800 State Program Revenues		-	-	-	-
5900 Federal Program Revenues	671	,050	816,685	9,560	92,423
5020 Total Revenues	671	,050	816,685	9,560	92,423
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:	(0)	0.00	450 606	0.560	92,423
0011 Instruction	620),068	459,606	9,560	92,423
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services		-	-	-	-
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		-	-	_	_
0021 Instructional Leadership		-	_	_	-
0023 School Leadership	34	5,000	357,079	_	_
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	5.	-,000	331,017	-	_
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation 0035 Food Services		-	_	_	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities		_	-	-	-
0041 General Administration		-	-	-	-
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		-	-	-	-
0052 Security and Monitoring Services		-	-	-	-
0061 Community Services	1:	5,982	-	-	
6030 Total Expenditures	67	1,050	816,685	9,560	92,423
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-	-	
•			_	_	_
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		-			
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Br	240 National eakfast and nch Program	244 Career and Technical - Basic Grant	255 ESEA II,A Training and Recruiting	263 Title III, A English Lang. Acquisition	282 ESSER III ARP Act	289 Other Federal Special Revenue Funds	385 Visually Impaired SSVI	397 Advanced Placement Incentives
\$	857,711 \$ 10,386	50,313	\$ - - 128,113	\$ - 5 - 18,207	5 - 1,234,007	-	\$ - \$ 2,187	5 - 204
	1,944,467 2,812,564	50,313	128,113	18,207	1,234,007		2,187	204
	-	50,313	128,113	18,207	762,876	96,282	2,187	204
	-	-	-	-	- 142,381	<u>-</u>	-	-
	-	-	-	-	142,361	-	- -	-
	•	-	-	-	77,939	_	_	_
	-	_	_	-	250,811		_	-
	_	_		_		-	-	-
	2,861,548	_	-	-	**	. •	-	-
	2,001,510	-	-	-	-	~	-	-
	-	_	· -	-	-	-	-	-
	-	_	-	-	•	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	_		
	2,861,548	50,313	128,113	18,207	1,234,007	96,282	2,187	204
	(48,984)	-	-	-	-	-	•	-
	983,768	-	-	•	-	-		-
\$	934,784 \$	} -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 3	\$ -

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

			410	428		429	461	
Data			State	Safety Grant	Other State		Campus	
Contro	ol .	Ins	tructional	Cycle 2	S	pecial	Activity	
Codes		N	Saterials	Fund	Rever	nue Funds	Funds	
	TO TO THE LOCAL CONTRACT OF THE LOCAL CONTRA							
	EVENUES:	\$		\$ -	\$	- \$	372,264	
	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	Φ	403,560	68,081	*	84,387	-	
5800	State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues		-	-		-	-	
5900	· ·		403,560	68,081		84,387	372,264	
5020	Total Revenues		403,300				0,2,20.	
E	EXPENDITURES:							
	Current:							
0011	Instruction		403,560	-		-	249,873	
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		-	-		-	19,253	
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		-	-		-	569 565	
0021	Instructional Leadership		-	-		-		
0023	School Leadership		-	-		-	18,256	
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		-	-		-	2,755	
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		-	-		-	2,733	
0035	Food Services		•	-		-	2,339	
0036	Extracurricular Activities		•	-		-	22,669	
0041	General Administration		-	-		_	678	
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		-	68,081		84,387	3,119	
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		•	-		04,507	2,320	
0061	Community Services		402.560	68,081		84,387	322,396	
6030	Total Expenditures		403,560			04,367	322,390	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		-			-	49,868	
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		-	-		-	381,257	
0100	Tund Datanee - Deptember 1 (Deptiming)							
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	- \$	431,125	

	481	482		499	Total
	Boylan		Ot	her Local	Nonmajor
	Grants	CATE	:	Special	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Reve	enue Funds	Funds
\$	24,256 \$	_	\$	_	\$ 1,254,231
Ф	24,230 ¢	_	Ψ		568,805
	-	-		_	5,061,107
•	24,256	-		-	6,884,143
	30,809	-			2,924,081
	-	_		-	19,253
	-	-		-	142,950
	-	-		-	565
	•	-		-	96,195
	-	-		-	642,890
	-	-		-	2,755
	-	-		-	2,861,548
	-	-		-	2,339
	-	-		-	22,669
	-	-		-	678
	-	-		-	155,587
	-	-		519	
	30,809	-		519	6,890,331
	(6,553)	-		(519)	(6,188)
	17,270	5,000)	1,830	1,389,125
\$	10,717 \$	5,000) \$	1,311	\$ 1,382,937



LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

	(1)	(2)	(3) Assessed/Appraised Value for School		
ast 10 Years Ended	Tax I	Rates			
August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes		
015 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ Various		
016	1.080000	0.320000	1,224,077,071		
017	1.080000	0.310000	1,299,271,080		
2018	1.080000	0.310000	1,357,867,664		
019	1.080000	0.310000	1,433,901,500		
2020	1.010000	0.350000	1,563,828,428		
2021	0.928000	0.330000	1,728,546,020		
2022	0.902000	0.290000	1,906,562,668		
2023	0.934600	0.235000	2,177,494,357		
2024 (School year under audit)	0.759200	0.195000	2,228,917,627		
1000 TOTALS					

8000 Total Taxes Refunded Under Section 26.1115, Tax Code

(10) Beginning Balance 9/1/2023	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) (50) Entire Ending Year's Balance Adjustments 8/31/2024		(99) Taxes Refunded Under Section 26.1115c
\$ 145,521 \$	- \$	7,122 \$	1,975 \$	(4,566) \$	131,858	
20,968	-	1,408	462	(653)	18,445	
40,021	-	2,596	852	(703)	35,870	
33,930	-	7,708	2,289	(1,325)	22,608	
47,607	-	12,883	3,827	6,499	37,396	
59,381	-	16,776	5,965	11,722	48,362	
77,558	-	24,085	8,564	11,754	56,663	
123,495	-	21,339	6,861	(22,162)	73,133	
399,250	-	50,242	12,486	(165,817)	170,705	
-	21,268,332	16,489,519	4,235,321	(254,626)	288,866	
\$ 947,730 \$	21,268,332 \$	16,633,678 \$	4,278,602 \$	(419,877) \$	883,905	

19,971

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - FOOD SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Data Control	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Fi	riance With nal Budget ositive or	
Codes		Original	Final		•		(Negative)
REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues	\$	920,000 10,000 1,705,000	\$	920,000 10,000 1,905,513	\$	857,711 10,386 1,944,467	\$	(62,289) 386 38,954
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Current:		2,635,000		2,835,513		2,812,564		(22,949)
0035 Food Services	,	2,635,000		3,085,891		2,861,548		224,343
6030 Total Expenditures		2,635,000	-	3,085,891		2,861,548	<u> </u>	224,343
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances 0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		983,768		(250,378) 983,768		(48,984) 983,768		201,394
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	983,768	\$	733,390	\$	934,784	\$	201,394

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Data Control Budgeted Amounts				unts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or	
Codes	Original Final		Final			(Negative)	
REVENUES:							
Total Local and Intermediate SourcesState Program Revenues	\$	4,999,199 705,929	\$	4,499,199 1,107,929	\$ 4,484,896 935,049	\$	(14,303) (172,880)
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES:		5,705,128	-	5,607,128	5,419,945	411	(187,183)
Debt Service: 0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities 0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities 0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		3,485,000 2,215,128 5,000		3,485,000 2,215,128 5,000	3,485,000 2,214,414 3,525		714 1,475
6030 Total Expenditures		5,705,128		5,705,128	5,702,939		2,189
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances				(98,000)			(184,994)
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	-	2,512,658		2,512,658	2,512,658		
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	2,512,658	\$	2,414,658	\$ 2,229,664	\$	(184,994)

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE COMPENSATORY EDUCATION AND BILINGUAL EDUCATION PROGRAM EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs	
AP1	Did your district expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
AP2	Does the district have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	Yes
AP3	Total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	3,138,135
AP4	Actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year. (PICs 24,26,28,29,30)	2,536,310
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs	
AP5	Did your district expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
AP6	Does the district have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	Yes
AP7	Total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the district's fiscal year.	123,452
AP8	Actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the district's fiscal year. (PIC 25)	204,580

COMPLIANCE, INTERNAL CONTROL, AND FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Member of Private Company Practice Section Member of AICPA Governmental Audit Quality Center

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees
Lindale Independent School District
505 Pierce Street
Lindale, TX 75771

Members of the Board:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lindale Independent School District (the District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 3, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Lindale Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

WILF & HENDERSON, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Texarkana, Texas

December 3, 2024

Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Member of Private Company Practice Section Member of AICPA Governmental Audit Quality Center

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Lindale Independent School District 505 Pierce Street Lindale, TX 75771

Members of the Board:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Lindale Independent School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2024. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Lindale Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists.

The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

WILF & HENDERSON, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Texarkana, Texas

December 3, 2024

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

I. Summary of the Auditor's Results:

- a. The type of report issued on the financial statements of the Lindale Independent School District was an unmodified opinion.
- b. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters required by the GAO's Government Auditing Standards.
- c. No instance of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Lindale Independent School District was disclosed during the audit.
- d. No significant deficiency or material weakness relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported in the report on internal control over compliance required by Uniform Guidance.
- e. The type of report the auditor issued on compliance for major programs was an unmodified opinion.
- f. No audit findings relative to the major federal awards programs were disclosed by the audit that were required to be reported under 2 CFR 200.516(a).
- g. The program tested as major programs was:

ESEA, Title I, Part A – Improving Basic Programs	ALN 84.010A
IDEA - Part B, Formula and Discretionary	ALN 84.027A
IDEA – Part B, Preschool	ALN 84.173A

- h. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- i. Lindale Independent School District was determined to be a low-risk auditee.
- II. Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which Are Required To Be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards.

No findings were required to be reported.

III. Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards Including Audit Findings as Described in I.f above.

No findings were required to be reported.

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

There were no prior year audit findings or questioned costs.

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

There were no current year audit findings or questioned costs.

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal	Pass-Through	
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	Assistance	Entity Identifying	Federal
PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Listing No.	Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through Texas Education Agency	04.010.4	24 -610101212903	\$ 616,541
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A 84.010A	25 -610101212903	54,509
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.010			671,050
_	84.027A	24 -6600012129036000	645,155
*IDEA - Part B, Formula *IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027A	25 -6600012129036000 24 -66002406	171,530
*IDEA - Part B, Discretionary	84.027A		92,423
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.027			909,108
*IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173 A	24 -6610012129036000	6,348
*IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173 A	25 - 661001212903600	3,212 9,560
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.173			
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			918,668
Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048 A 84.365 A	24 -420006212903 24 -671001212903	50,313 18,207
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher Principal Training	84.367A	24 -694501212903	109,941
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher Principal Training	84.367A	25 -694501212903	18,172
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.367			128,113
COVID-19 - Elementary Secondary School Emergency Relief III	84.425U	21 -52800121903	1,274,559
COVID 19 - ESSER III - School Emergengy Relief	84.425D	21 -52800121903	91,603
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.425			
TITLE IV, PART A, SUBPART 1	84.424 A	24 -680101212903 25 -680101212903	54,800 41,482
TITLE IV, PART A, SUBPART 1	84.424 A	23 -080101212903	96,282
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.424			3,248,795
Total Passed Through Texas Education Agency			3,248,795
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			3,248,793
_			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through the Texas Department of Agriculture			
*School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	373,753
*National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance	10.555	N/A	1,250,243
*National School Lunch Prog Non-Cash Assistance	10.555 10.555	N/A N/A	130,858 189,613
*COVID-19 - Supply Chain Assistance Grant Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555	10.555	14/71	1,570,714
			1,944,467
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			
Total Passed Through the Texas Department of Agriculture			1,944,467
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			1,944,467
			\$ 5.193,262
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 5,193,262

LINDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

- For all Federal programs, the District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide. Special revenue funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.
- The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund or, in some instances, in the General Fund which are Governmental Fund type funds.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until earned.

- The District has elected to not use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.
- The District must submit to the pass-through entity, no later than 90 calendar days (or an earlier date as agreed upon by the pass-through entity and District) after the end date of the period of performance, all financial, performance, and other reports as required by the terms and conditions of the Federal award. The Federal awarding agency or passthrough entity may approve extensions when requested and justified by the non-Federal entity, as applicable. (2 CFR 200.34(a))

Unless the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity authorizes an extension, a non-Federal entity must liquidate all financial obligations incurred under the Federal award no later than 120 calendar days after the end date of the period of performance as specified in the terms and conditions of the Federal award. (2 CFR 200.344(b))

- The period of availability for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extended 30 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions in Section H, Period of Availability of Federal Funds, Part 3, Uniform Guidance.
- Nonmonetary assistance received from the Commodity Supplemental Food Program is recorded in fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. The revenue and expense are reported in the Food Service Special Revenue Fund.
- Assistance Listing numbers for commodity assistance are the Assistance Listing numbers of the programs under which USDA donated the commodities.
- 8 A reconciliation of federal program revenues and expenditures is as follows:

General Fund Other Special Revenue Funds Sub-total	\$ 415,982 5,061,107 5,477,089
Less Medicaid Arrangements Payments: SSA - School Health & Related Services (SHARS)	(283,827)
Total Federal Program Expenditures	\$ <u>5,193,262</u>

SCHOOLS FIRST QUESTIONNAIRE

Lindale	e Independent School District	Fiscal Year 2024
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year-end?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If payments were not made or warrant hold not cleared within 30 days of when due, then payments are NOT timely.)	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? (Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, answer is still YES.)	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds and/or substantial doubt about the district's ability to continue as a going concern?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Govenment Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules that were in effect at the school district's fiscal year end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school district's administration and school board members discuss any changes and/or impact to local, state, and federal funding at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year end.	2,851,140